

World Class Verilog & SystemVerilog Training

Sunburst Design - Expert Verilog-2001 RTL Synthesis Coding

by Recognized Verilog & System Verilog Guru, Cliff Cummings of Sunburst Design, Inc.

Cliff Cummings is the only Verilog & SystemVerilog Trainer who helped develop every IEEE & Accellera Verilog, Verilog Synthesis and SystemVerilog Standard.

2 Days 50% Lecture, 50% Lab Advanced Level

Course Objective

Simply stated, to give engineers *world class* Verilog & synthesis verification training using award winning materials developed by renowned Verilog & SystemVerilog Guru, Cliff Cummings

Upon completion of this course, students will:

- Write efficient synthesizable Verilog-2001 RTL models
 - o includes experimentation with different synthesis coding styles
 - o includes generating post-synthesis gate-level netlists for gate-level simulation
 - o includes generating SDF files for gate-level timing simulations
- includes building Verilog simulation-configuration files
- includes working with actual Verilog project directory structures in all labs

Course Overview

Sunburst Design - Expert Verilog-2001 RTL Synthesis Coding is a 2-day fast-paced intensive course on design and RTL coding styles for synthesis and verification. This is a design course, not a language syntax course.

The 500+ page binder for this 2-day course covers the fundamental Verilog-2001 RTL coding styles for synthesis. More than a dozen problematic coding styles that cause mismatches between pre-synthesis and post-synthesis simulations are explained, and award-winning materials describing the problems associated with the synthesis directives "full_case" and "parallel_case" are both detailed in lecture and observed in lab exercises. Numerous proven RTL coding guidelines are taught and explained.

2Included in the class are materials covering synchronous vs. asynchronous reset design techniques. These techniques are not only advanced Verilog techniques, they are also advanced

digital design techniques not covered by college courses. This section includes a highly acclaimed and frequently referenced Resets paper for added reference material.

A 500+ page student guide and 49-page Verilog-2001 HDL Quick Reference Guide supplement the lecture and provide excellent reference material for after the class. Numerous exercises and labs reinforce the principles presented. After you take this course, you will understand why Cliff Cummings has won 13 "Best Paper" awards for presentations made over the past 13 years.

By design, this course has more labs than can probably be completed in two days. Students will code each lab experimenting with multiple coding styles to observe first-hand the impact that coding styles have on synthesis results. You will learn the best coding styles through experimentation and comprehensive lab reviews. All of the synthesis labs include pre-coded Verilog headers and are accompanied by self-checking testbenches to maximize experimentation and minimize tedious typing. Gate-level Verilog models for an ASIC library are included to permit experimentation with post-synthesis, gate-level simulation with SDF backannotation. All labs solutions are given to each course participant who completes the course.

FPGAs or ASICs? - There are small differences in the course materials based on the target audience. FPGA combinational coding and synthesis issues differ slightly from ASIC issues, so companies are encouraged to indicate their synthesis preference. For open enrollment classes and upon request, both ASIC and FPGA topics and lab reviews are included to accommodate both synthesis styles.

Target Audience

Sunburst Design - Expert Verilog-2001 RTL Synthesis Coding

Target Audience

Sunburst Design - Expert Verilog-2001 & Coding for RTL Design & Synthesis is intended for experienced ASIC and FPGA design and verification engineers that require in-depth instruction on Verilog-2001 RTL synthesis coding styles. Engineers with less Verilog and synthesis experience will complete fewer labs. Engineers with more Verilog and synthesis experience will complete most of the labs.

Prerequisites (mandatory)

<u>This is a design course, not a language syntax course.</u> This course assumes that students have a practical working knowledge of Verilog HDL or have completed Verilog HDL training. Engineers with VHDL synthesis experience and some Verilog exposure will do well in this class. Engineers with no prior HDL training or experience <u>will struggle</u> in this class. *This is an advanced class, not just an advanced beginner class!*

The Sunburst Design - Advantage

Who is teaching your "expert" and "advanced" classes? Most companies will not tell you because their instructors might not have much design experience or may never have participated on any of the Verilog Standards groups or presented at industry recognized conferences. Go to our web site and read about the Sunburst Design - Instructors - they are simply the best at what they do and they have the experience and qualifications to offer best-in-class training.

Sunburst Design Courses:

- Sunburst Design Advanced SystemVerilog for Design & Verification 4 days
 - Sunburst Design Advanced SystemVerilog for Design 3 days
 - o Sunburst Design Advanced SystemVerilog for Verification 3 days
- Sunburst Design Expert Verilog-2001 for Synthesis & Verification 4 days
 - o Sunburst Design Expert Verilog-2001 RTL Synthesis Coding 2 days
 - <u>Sunburst Design Expert Verilog-2001 FSM, Multi-Clock Design & Verification</u> <u>Techniques - 2 days</u>
- Sunburst Design Comprehensive Verilog-2001 Design & Best Coding Practices 4 days
 - o Sunburst Design Introduction to Verilog-2001 & Best Coding Practices 2 days
 - Sunburst Design Advanced Verilog-2001 Knowledge & Design Practices 2 days
 - Sunburst Design Accelerated Introduction to Verilog-2001 & Best Known Coding Practices - 1 day
- Advanced Verilog PLI Courses (taught by a Sunburst Design training partner)

Course Customization? - Sunburst Design courses can be customized to include *your* company's coding guidelines or to modify the course for a different audience. Sections can be added or deleted from a course to meet you company's needs.

Course Syllabus

Day One

Introduction & Overview of Verilog Synthesis Resources

Configurations

- Important Verilog basics that are not generally understood by most Verilog users. Verilog-1995 and Verilog-2001 configurations, command lines switches, project directory structures, and commands for conditionally compiled Verilog designs and testbenches.
 - Essential Verilog basics
 - Working with project directory structures
 - Verilog command switches
 - Conditional compilation for design and verification
 - Verilog-2001 Configuration files

Latches & Priority Encoders

- Introduction to Verilog synthesis design flows. Detailed description of two synthesis problem areas: latches and priority encoders. Detailed description of the synthesis directives "full_case" and "parallel_case", and why they should generally be avoided.
 - always blocks & sensitivity lists
 - Generating latches
 - Generating priority encoders
 - "full case parallel case," the "evil twins!"
 - V2K1 & Verilog RTL Synthesis-2002 attributes
 - Latch & priority encoder guidelines

Combinational Logic I

- RTL coding styles for combinational logic, including problems and inefficiencies that arise from poor coding styles. Includes Verilog-2001 (V2K1) combinational logic enhancements. Numerous combinational labs demonstrate many potential problem areas related to common combinational coding styles.
 - Introduction to synthesis design flows
 - Continuous assignments
 - Always blocks
 - V2K1 @* and comma-separated sensitivity lists
 - Instantiated library elements
 - Instantiated primitives
 - Labs: Combinational labs I

SDF Backannotation

- This section details SDF (Standard Delay Format) file generation, writing Verilog gate-level netlists, gate-level simulations and gate-level simulations using SDF timing (may be important for simulation of full-board and system designs where Static Timing Analysis is not generally practical)
 - SDF file basics
 - Gate-level netlists
 - SDF back annotation of gate-level designs
 - Directory structures and command files for gate-level simulation
 - Simulating with SDF files
 - Conditional compilation of SDF files
 - Lab: Post-synthesis gate-level netlist generation and simulation with SDF timing

Day Two

Combinational Labs Review

- An in-depth review of all the coding styles used in the combinational labs and the synthesized results. Conclusions are drawn about which coding styles infer the most efficient logic implementations.
 - Review of Day-One labs

Combinational Logic II

- Additional RTL coding styles for combinational logic, including more problems and inefficiencies that occur from poor coding styles. Verilog-2001 (V2K1) enhancements are discussed including reasons to avoid over-usage generate statements. Example of poor usage includes I/O pad instantiation (use the more concise and better supported Array of Instance). More combinational labs demonstrate many potential problem areas related to common combinational coding styles.
 - Synthesizable and non-synthesizable Verilog constructs
 - Bitwise -vs- logical operators
 - Tasks & functions
 - Tri-state drivers
 - Bi-directional busses
 - Instantiating ASIC/FPGA library primitives
 - (Synopsys) instantiating DesignWare components
 - Guidelines
 - Labs: Combinational labs II

Sequential Logic

- This section covers coding styles for sequential logic. Inferring efficient designs using adders and other large resources is also detailed. Also discusses and includes advantages and disadvantages of instantiation.
 - Edge-sensitive sensitivity list
 - Basic asynchronous & synchronous resets
 - Additional flip-flop coding styles
 - Simulation/synthesis differences
 - Simulation efficiency
 - Register banks
 - Memories
 - Instantiating Blocks
 - Resource sharing
 - Labs: Sequential labs

Synchronous & Asynchronous Reset Design

- Detailed material for selection and usage of synchronous and asynchronous reset design taken from actual design experiences.
 - Synchronous vs. asynchronous resets
 - Reset removal metastability
 - Asynchronous reset synchronizer circuitry
 - Reset distribution trees and techniques
 - Multiple clock domains reset synchronization

Classroom Details

Training is generally conducted at your facilities. For maximum effectiveness, we recommend having one workstation or PC for every two students, with licenses for your preferred Verilog simulator (we often can help provide the simulator and temporary training licenses).

For more information, contact:

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